

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Withdrawn) An interrogator which, together with a transponder, makes up a radio frequency identification system, comprising:

a transmitter/receiver circuit for generating a radio frequency transmitter signal;

a power amplifier for power amplifying the radio frequency transmitter signal;

an antenna for radiating the radio frequency transmitter signal outputted by the power amplifier;

wherein the transmitter/receiver circuit, the power amplifier and the antenna are provided for a portable wireless terminal;

a circuit for performing amplitude modulation on the radio frequency transmitter signal by information to be transmitted to a transponder; and

a mixer which outputs transponder data by performing synchronous detection, using a part of the radio frequency transmitter signal as a carrier, on a radio frequency receiver signal returned from the transponder and received by the antenna.

2. (Withdrawn) The interrogator according to claim 1, wherein the circuit for performing amplitude modulation is provided in an input stage of the power amplifier.

3. (Withdrawn) The interrogator according to claim 2, further comprising:  
a coupler for extracting the part of the radio frequency transmitter signal by coupling to the radio frequency transmitter signal outputted by the power amplifier; and

a circulator which, being positioned between the coupler and the antenna, extracts the radio frequency receiver signal outputted by the antenna discretely from the radio frequency transmitter signal being sent to the antenna and supplies the radio frequency receiver signal thus extracted to the mixer for performing synchronous detection.

4. (Withdrawn) The interrogator according to claim 3, wherein the circuit for performing amplitude modulation is an ASK (Amplitude Shift Keying) modulation circuit.

5. (Withdrawn) The interrogator according to claim 3, wherein the circuit for performing amplitude modulation is a gain control system in which a gain is controlled by a control signal, the control signal being information to be transmitted to the transponder.

6. (Withdrawn) The interrogator according to claim 4, wherein at least the ASK modulation circuit, the power amplifier, the coupler, the circulator and the mixer are arranged on one same circuit board.

7. (Withdrawn) The interrogator according to claim 4, wherein at least the ASK modulation circuit, the power amplifier, the coupler, the circulator and the mixer are arranged on one same IC substrate.

8. (Withdrawn) The interrogator according to claim 5, wherein at least the coupler, the circulator and the mixer are arranged on one same circuit board.

9. (Withdrawn) The interrogator according to claim 5, wherein at least the coupler, the circulator and the mixer are arranged on one same IC substrate.

10. (Previously Presented) An interrogator which, together with a transponder, makes up a radio frequency identification system, comprising:

- a first antenna, provided for a portable wireless terminal, for radiating radio waves of a first radio frequency transmitter signal;
- a second antenna for receiving the radio waves radiated from the first antenna and outputting the first radio frequency transmitter signal;
- a divider for dividing the first radio frequency transmitter signal outputted by the second antenna;

a rectifier for rectifying one of the first radio frequency transmitter signals outputted by the divider and outputting a power supply;

an ASK (Amplitude Shift Keying) modulation circuit for performing amplitude modulation on the other of the first radio frequency transmitter signals outputted by the divider by information to be transmitted to the transponder and outputting the amplitude-modulated signal as a second radio frequency transmitter signal;

a third antenna for radiating the second radio frequency transmitter signal outputted by the ASK modulation circuit; and

a mixer for performing synchronous detection on a radio frequency receiver signal returned from the transponder which received said second radio frequency transmitter signal via the third antenna by using part of the second radio frequency transmitter signal as a carrier, and outputting data from the transponder.

11. (Original) The interrogator according to claim 10, further comprising:

a coupler for extracting the part of the second radio frequency transmitter signal by coupling to the second radio frequency transmitter signal outputted by the ASK modulation circuit; and

a circulator which, being positioned between the coupler and the third antenna, extracts the radio frequency receiver signal outputted by the third antenna discretely from the second radio frequency transmitter signal being sent

to the third antenna and supplies the radio frequency receiver signal thus extracted to the mixer for performing synchronous detection.

12. (Original) The interrogator according to claim 11, wherein at least the second antenna, the third antenna, the divider, the rectifier, the ASK modulation circuit, the mixer, the coupler and the circulator are formed in a unitary structure.

13. (Original) The interrogator according to claim 11, wherein the information to be transmitted to the transponder and the transponder data outputted by the mixer are supplied to the portable wireless terminal as data to be processed by the portable wireless terminal.

14. (Original) The interrogator according to claim 10, wherein the second antenna has a cylindrical structure with a built-in antenna coil and an internal diameter of the second antenna is such that the first antenna is insertable in the second antenna to come into close contact with the second antenna.

15. (Currently Amended) An interrogator which, together with a transponder, makes up a radio frequency identification system, comprising:

a first antenna provided for a portable wireless terminal for radiating radio waves of a first radio frequency transmitter signal;

a second antenna for receiving the radio waves radiated from the first antenna and outputting the first radio frequency transmitter signal;

a rectifier for rectifying the first radio frequency transmitter signal outputted by the second antenna and outputting a power supply;

an oscillator circuit for generating a signal of a particular frequency;

an ASK (Amplitude Shift Keying) modulation circuit for performing amplitude modulation on the signal of the particular frequency outputted by the oscillator circuit by information to be transmitted to the transponder and outputting the amplitude-modulated signal as a second radio frequency transmitter signal;

a third antenna for radiating the second radio frequency transmitter signal outputted by the ASK modulation circuit; and

a mixer for performing synchronous detection on a radio frequency receiver signal returned from the transponder which received said second radio frequency transmitter signal via the third antenna by using part of the second radio frequency transmitter signal as a carrier, and outputting data from the transponder;

a coupler for extracting the part of the second radio frequency transmitter signal by coupling to the second radio frequency transmitter signal outputted by the ASK modulation circuit; and

a circulator which, being positioned between the coupler and the third antenna, extracts the radio frequency receiver signal outputted by the third antenna discretely from the second radio frequency transmitter signal being sent to the third antenna and supplies the radio frequency receiver signal thus extracted to the mixer for performing synchronous detection;

wherein at least the second antenna, the third antenna, the rectifier, the oscillator circuit, the ASK modulation circuit, the mixer, the coupler and the circulator are formed in a unitary structure.

16. – 17. (Canceled)

18. (Previously Presented) The interrogator according to claim 15, wherein the information to be transmitted to the transponder and the transponder data outputted by the mixer are supplied to the portable wireless terminal as data to be processed by the portable wireless terminal.

19. (Original) The interrogator according to claim 15, wherein the particular frequency of the signal is approximately equal to or higher than the frequency of the first radio frequency transmitter signal of the portable wireless terminal.

20. (Original) The interrogator according to claim 15, wherein the second antenna has a cylindrical structure with a built-in antenna coil and an internal diameter of the second antenna is such that the first antenna is insertable in the second antenna to come into close contact with the second antenna.